Boat lift procedure



Preparation for going to crane lift, syncrolift, drydocking

- □ Inform dock authorities in plenty of time of any projections from the hull of the vessel, as indicated by drydock plan (underwater profile of the vessel).
- □ Consult dock authorities on draft of the vessel and trim required.
- □ Prepare for a critical manoeuvre via engine checks and steering checks.
- Good briefing and agreement on who is doing what with the yard.
- □ Shut all hatches and doors to ensure continuity of strength throughout the boat's length
- □ Secure cranes, tenders etc.
- □ Remove free surface from tanks by emptying it or filling completely.
- □ Check amount of ballast in tanks so that the same amount is used when refloating
- □ Stability calculations should be made to ensure adequate GM to take into account the rise of 'G' when the vessel takes the blocks
- □ Lock up lavatory before entering the dock
- □ Ensure adequate fenders are rigged
- Ensure keel blocks and side shores are correctly placed against strength members once the vessel is positioned

Preparation before refloating / flooding the dock

- □ All bottom plugs in and the hull are watertight.
- □ All underwater repairs are completed and underwater fittings replaced. All hull valves fitted and closed.
- □ Hull properly cleaned, scrubbed and painted.
- □ Anodes re-fitted if required.
- □ All necessary surveys completed.
- □ Sufficient crew onboard; power available on deck and mooring lines sent out.
- Stability is confirmed as acceptable when re-floating. Same amount of ballast in tanks as when lifting.